

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

1.1. Product identifier

Page 1 of 24

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses Release agent for veneer splicing machines Uses advised against Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers) Sector of uses [SU]: 21 Do not use for private purposes (household). Relevant identified uses - Further information: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites Sector of uses [SU]: 3 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen) Sector of uses [SU]: 22 The product is intended for professional use. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer ACMOS CHEMIE KG Company name: Street: Industriestrasse 49 Place D-28199 Bremen Post-office box: 10 10 69 D-28010 Bremen +49 (0)421-5189-0 Telefax: +49 (0)421-511415 Telephone: e-mail: acmos@acmos.com Contact person: Mr. Stephan Dryhaus Internet: www.acmos.com Laboratory (Division: Occupational- / Product security) - see under section 16 Responsible Department: 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +49 (0)551 19240 (Emergency information service / official advisory body: Giftinformationszentrum Nord, Universität Göttingen, 24 h from mo. - su.) Language(s) of Telephone Service: DE, EN Supplier Heinrich KUPER GmbH & Co KG Company name: Heinrich-Kuper-Straße 10 - 15 Street: Place: D-33397 Rietberg Telephone: +49 (0)5244-984-0 Telefax: +49 (0)5244-984-201 e-mail: info@KUPER.de Internet: www.KUPER.de +49 (0)5244 984 0 1.4. Emergency telephone number: Language(s) of Telephone Service: DE **SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 Hazard categories: Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Dam. 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazard Statements: Causes serious eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 2.2. Label elements Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 Hazard components for labelling

9-octadecenamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)oleamide)

2,2'-iminodiethanol (diethanolamine) Danger

Signal word:



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 2 of 24

Pictograms:



Hazard statements

H318 H412 Causes serious eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

 P273
 Avoid release to the environment.

 P280
 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

 P305+P351+P338
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Additional advice on labelling

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

2.3. Other hazards

Adverse physicochemical effects:

See section 9 for physical and chemical properties.

Vapours of flammable solvents can accumulate in the gas phase of closed container, especially during heat treatment. Therefore keep away from fire and sources of ignition.

Adverse human health effects and symptoms: See section 11 for toxicological information.

Adverse environmental effects: See section 12 for environmental information.

Other adverse effects: Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Results of PBT-/vPvB-assesment: See under section 12.5 - Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical characterization

Emulsion of active ingredients in water



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 3 of 24

Hazardous components							
CAS No	Chemical name			Quantit			
	EC No	Index No	REACH No				
	Classification according to Regula	ation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]					
64742-95-6	hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	5 - < 10 %					
	918-668-5		01-2119455851-35				
	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3, STOT S	E 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic	2; H226 H335 H336 H304 H411 EUH066				
93-83-4	9-octadecenamide, N,N-bis(2-hyd	lroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (N,N-bis(2-hydro	oxyethyl)oleamide)	5 - < 10 %			
	202-281-7						
	Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1; H315 H	318					
78-92-2	butan-2-ol			5 - < 10 %			
	201-158-5	603-127-00-5	01-2119475146-36				
	Flam. Liq. 3, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, STOT SE 3; H226 H319 H335 H336						
68855-61-8	amides, C14-18, N-(2-hydroxypro	1 - < 5 %					
	272-495-3						
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319						
111-42-2	2,2'-iminodiethanol (diethanolami	1 - < 5 %					
	203-868-0	603-071-00-1	01-2119488930-28				
	Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1, STOT RE 2; H302 H315 H318 H373						
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol, diethylene glycol monobutyl ether						
	203-961-6	603-096-00-8					
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319						
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1 - < 5 %					
	203-961-6	603-096-00-8	01-2119475104-44				
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319						
3811-73-2	pyridine-2-thiol-1-oxide, sodium s	alt (sodium pyrithione)		< 0.1 %			
	223-296-5						
	Acute Tox. 4, Acute Tox. 4, Eye D H400 H411	am. 1, Aquatic Acute 1 (M-Factor	= 100), Aquatic Chronic 2; H332 H302 H318				

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Further Information

The above mentioned EC-No. (Provisional List Number 9xx-xxx-x) is a specific subset of the specified CAS-No. and was associated with the registration process automatically (without CAS-No. or numeric identifier). An official announcement by the EC inventory will follow after evaluation of substance identity by the ECHA. The new nomenclature of hydrocarbon solvents is only related with group names of the HSPA (Hydrocarbon Solvents Producers Association). The previously used CAS-No. continues serving as a reference for different global inventories. The classification of hydrocarbon mixtures made in consideration of the applicable notes in annex VI of regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

The fraction of aliphatic, alicyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons is < 10%.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Put victim at rest, cover with a blanket and keep warm.

Do not leave affected person unattended.

If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps.

In the event of cardiac arrest immediately perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Self-protection of the first aider:

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

First Aid.

Notes for the doctor:

No special measures are necessary.

After inhalation

Remove victim out of the danger area.

Provide fresh air.

Consult a doctor immediately in the case of inhaling spray mist and show him packing or label.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water and soap Rub greasy ointment into the skin. Do not wash with: Solvents/Thinner In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If present: Initial treatment with Previn. (Previn is a registered trademark). Protect uninjured eye.

After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to eat or drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The following symptoms may occur: Cough Acidosis Depression of central nervous system Headache Nausea Drowsiness Dizziness

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

A suitable eye rinse equipment shall be provided, if required. Use eye rinse liquid with room temperature, if possible.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Full water jet Water spray jet Water mist Extinguishing powder (ABC-powder) Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Fire class: not relevant

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: None known The product itself does not burn.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Usual measures of preventive and averting fire protection. Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings. Page 4 of 24



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 5 of 24

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

not relevant

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

In case of warming: Remove all sources of ignition.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protection equipment. Walk out of the danger zone and notify trained personnel. Emergency procedures:

Keep the factory emergency plan and the information chain.

For emergency responders: Use personal protection equipment.

The personal protective equipment must be adapted to the situation.

Suitable material:

See under section 8.2 - Personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

Ensure waste is collected and contained.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment:

Repair leaks if without risk.

Move containers from spill area.

Make sure spills can be contained, e.g. in sump pallets or kerbed areas. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

Prevent spread ov Cover drains.

For cleaning up:

Clean-up methods - large spillage:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Shovel into suitable container for disposal.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Clean-up methods - small spillage:

Clear spills immediately.

Wipe up with absorbent material (eg. cloth, fleece).

Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Recommended cleansing agent:

Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a waste water treatment plant.

Ventilate affected area.

Suitable material for taking up: Sand Kieselguhr Universal binder Absorbing material, organic

Unsuitable material for taking up:



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 6 of 24

None known

<u>6.4. Reference to other sections</u> Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13 SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation: It is recommended to design all work processes always so that the following is excluded: Inhalation of vapours or spray/mists Eye contact Skin contact

Technical ventilation of workplace Recirculation of exhaust air is not recommended. Always close containers tightly after the removal of product.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Measures to prevent fire:

The product is not: Combustible

The formation of combustible vapours is possible at temperatures above: +28 °C (Flash point - 15 °C)

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away.

Usual measures for fire prevention.

Fire-fighting equipment on the basis of class B.

Further information on handling

Environmental precautions:

Transfer wash-downs in sealed containers.

Provide for retaining containers, eg. floor pan without outflow.

For restriction of emission on volatile organic compounds (VOC) the solvent vapours should be supplied to an exhaust air purification facility (filter, gas washer, incineration).

Advices on general occupational hygiene:

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500.

General industrial hygiene practice.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Working places should be designed to allow cleaning at any time.

Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly.

When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff.

Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

Used working clothes should not be worn outside the work area.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Suitable floor material:

Floors should be impervious, resistant to liquids and easy to clean.

Protect against: Heat Cold

Recommended storage temperature: +10 ... +30 °C

Keep away from: Food and feedingstuffs

Packaging materials: Suitable container/equipment material: Keep/Store only in original container. Unsuitable container/equipment material: See under section 8.2 - Hand protection.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 7 of 24

Advice on storage compatibility

- Do not store together with:
- Storage class:
- 1 (Explosive hazardous substances)
- 6.2 (Infectious substances)
- 7 (Radioactive substances)

Further information on storage conditions

Technical measures and storage conditions: The valid water and zoning ordinances must be observed.

Keep container tightly closed.

Protect containers against damage.

Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area.

Do not store outside.

See also instuctions on the label.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation:

Possibilities for substitution and references to less hazardous products:

This product was designed for a special application purpose and optimized appropriately.

In case of questions regarding product and application, please contact our field service in line with customer service or

our technical sales department.

Observe technical data sheet.

Industrial sector specific solutions:

Hazardous substance information systems of professional associations:

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
112-34-5	2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	10	67.5		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		15	101.2		STEL (15 min)	WEL
78-92-2	Butan-2-ol	100	308		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		150	462		STEL (15 min)	WEL
-	Trimethylbenzenes, all isomers or mixtures	25	125		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		-	-		STEL (15 min)	WEL

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
64742-53-6	distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic			
Worker DNEL, lo	ng-term	inhalation	local	5,4 mg/m³
78-92-2	butan-2-ol			
Worker DNEL, lo	ng-term	dermal	systemic	405 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL, lo	ng-term	inhalation	systemic	212 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	203 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	52 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL	, long-term	oral	systemic	15 mg/kg bw/day



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 8 of 24

PNEC values					
CAS No	Substance				
Environmental compartment Value					
78-92-2 butan-2-ol					
Freshwater		47,1 mg/l			
Marine water		47,1 mg/l			
Freshwater sec	liment	196,19 mg/kg			
Marine sedime	196,19 mg/kg				
Secondary poisoning 1000 r					
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP) 761 mg/l					
Soil		11,58 mg/kg			

Additional advice on limit values

GESTIS - International Limit Values - Institut für Arbeitsschutz der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA): http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de

Country information (EU)

(http://www.dguv.de/ifa/fachinfos/occupational-exposure-limit-values/foreign-and-eu-limit-values/index.jsp) Country information (GB) (http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/books/eh40.htm)

Occupational Exposure Limits of EU-memberstates - European Agency for Safety and Health at Work (OSHA) (http://osha.europa.eu/en/topics/ds/oel/index.stm/members.stm)

Source of law: EH40 (GB) (http://www.hse.gov.uk)

Recommended monitoring procedures:

Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents (BS EN 14042):

Personal air monitoring Room air monitoring

Test tube

Preliminary concentration measurements:

Suitable detector tubes for measuring the current concentration in the air at the workplace: DRÄGER test tubes - short-term tubes (http://www.gasmesstechnik.de)

DRÄGER test tubes - Short-term tubes - Alcohol 100 / a (lower alcohols, measuring range: 100 - 3000 ppm, response time: 90 sec) (http://www.gasmesstechnik.de)

DRÄGER test tubes - Short-term tubes - Petroleum hydrocarbons 10 / a (n-octane, measuring range: 10 - 300 ppm, response time: 60 sec) (http://www.gasmesstechnik.de)

DRÄGER test tubes - Short-term tubes - Petroleum hydrocarbons 100 / a (n-octane, measuring range: 100 - 2500 ppm, response time: 30 sec) (http://www.gasmesstechnik.de)

Exposure limits at intended use:

DNEL-/PNEC-values: There are no exposure scenarios attached in the Appendix of this Safety Data Sheet.

Risk management measures according to used control banding approach: Control banding for chemicals according to the ILO CHEMICAL CONTROL TOOLKIT (ICCT): ICCT-Guidelines and Control Guidance Sheets (http://www.ilo.org/legacy/english/protection/safework/ctrl_banding/toolkit/main_guide.pdf)

Used model:

Consider appropriate model solutions according to good engineering practices on designing the working process, if available.

8.2. Exposure controls



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 9 of 24







Appropriate engineering controls

Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure during identified uses:

Technical measures to prevent exposure:

Design of appropriate work processes and engineering controls and the use of adequate materials (physical cut-off of man and machine, model solutions as certified working methods, working appliance according to the state of the art, optimization of process / spray robots, working appliance for prevention of skin contact, models of working times).

Organisational measures to prevent exposure:

Execution of collective protection measures at source and appropriate organisational measures (local exhaust ventilation, ventilation by technical means, general ventilation, measures on averting a danger at breakdowns / at emergencies / after accidents, first-aid-measures, manner related measures: operating instruction / instruction of employees, occupational medicine health precaution).

Structural measures to prevent exposure:

Execution of individual and personnel protection measures (personal protective equipment - PPE).

If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn. Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

References for design of technical equipment: See under section 7.1 - Precautions for safe handling.

Summary of the risk management measures for exposure scenario:

Use only the following product amount per time unit:

No information available.

Minimum room-width and room-height for handling/application:

No information available.

Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour):

No information available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

If required according to hazard assessment: Suitable eye protection: Eye glasses with side protection (EN 166) Recommended eye protection articles: UVEX I-VO / UVEX I-3 / UVEX SUPER OTG Or comparable articles from other companies.

Hand protection

Skin protection:

Preventive skin protection .:

Draw up skin protection programme.

Before starting work, apply water-resistant skincare preparations.

e.g. saniwip®, dualin® (PETER GREVEN PHYSIODERM)

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

e.g. ecosan®, topscrub® soft / topscrub® extra / topscrub® nature (PETER GREVEN PHYSIODERM)

After cleaning apply high-fat content skin care cream.

e.g. physioderm® creme, cura soft® / cUrea soft® (PETER GREVEN PHYSIODERM)

Apply skin care products after work.

If required according to hazard assessment:

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits.

The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.

Decrease wearing protection gloves to an inevitable degree to avoid skin rash.

Technical and organizational protective actions have to be preferred.

Breakthrough times and swelling properties of the material must be taken into consideration.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 10 of 24

Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use.

Wear cotton undermitten if possible.

Change preventive gloves once by hour or use special skin-protective preparations for protective gloves carrier,

e.g. physioderm® proGlove (PETER GREVEN PHYSIODERM)

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration.

Do not wear gloves near rotary machines and tools.

Dispose preventive gloves after defect or expiry of wearing time. Replace when worn.

In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

Wearing time with permanent contact:

Suitable gloves type:

Gloves with long cuffs

Recommended glove articles:

Suitable materials at long term, direct contact (Recommended: Preventive index 6, accordingly > 480 min. permeation time in accordance to EN 374):

Nitrile rubber / NBR (KCL-CAMATRIL VELOURS® - Art. No. 730) - Layer thickness: 0,4 mm Or comparable articles from other companies.

Unsuitable material: NR (natural rubber, natural latex)

Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes):

Suitable gloves type:

Disposable gloves

Recommended glove articles:

Suitable materials at short term contact or splash (Recommended: Preventive index 3, accordingly > 60 min. permeation time in accordance to EN 374):

Disposable gloves of special nitrile rubber / NBR (KCL-DERMATRIL® P - Art. No. 743) - Layer thickness: 0,2 mm Or comparable articles from other companies.

The statements are based on self-tests, literary reference and information of glove manufacturers or have been derived from similar substances by analogy.

Source: CHEMIKALIEN-MANAGER - KCL software for hand protection.

It has to be noticed, that daily time of use of chemical protective gloves may be quite shorter in practice because of many factors of influence (e.g. thermal and mechanical stress as well as special conditions on the floor) than the permeation time determined in accordance to EN 374.

The respective permeation time doubles/halvens at about 1,5 times larger/lower layer thickness.

Declared permeation times according to EN 374 are not carried out under practical conditions. Therefore a maximum wearing time up to 50 % of breakthrough time is recommended.

They relate to the pure solvent as mean component.

Barrier creams are not substitutes for body protection.

Skin protection

If required according to hazard assessment: Suitable protective clothing: Overall, Natural fibres (e.g. cotton) (EN 340)

Chemical resistant safety shoes with conductible sole (EN ISO 20345)

Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use. Used working clothes should not be worn outside the work area. Street clothing should be stored separately from work clothing.

Thermal hazards:

No thermal hazards during use of this product.

Respiratory protection

If required according to hazard assessment:

Respiratory protection necessary at:

exceeding exposure limit values +

high concentrations / prolonged exposure / insufficient ventilation / insufficient exhaust

Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

Filter types: A, B, E, K. Class 1: Maximum permitted contaminant concentration in inhaled air = 1000 mL/m3 (0.1 % by



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006							
KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)							
Revision date: 03.05.2018	Page 11 of 24						
vol.); class 2: maximum permitted contaminant concentration in inhaled air = 5000 mL/m³ (0.5 % by vol.); class 3:							
maximum permitted contaminant concentration in inhaled air = 10000 mL/m ³ (1.0 % by vol.)							
arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used							
Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus							
(BGR 190).							
The use of filter equipment requires a minimum oxygen content of 17 Vol-% in the surrounding atmosphere and that the							
maximum permitted gas concentration - normally 0,5 Vol-% - is not exceeded.							
Suitable respiratory protection apparatus:							
Half-face mask or quarter facepiece: maximum use concentration for substances with exposure limits: P1 filter: up to a							
max. of 4 times the exposure limit. P2 filter: up to a max. of 10 times the exposure limit. P3 filter: up to a max. of 30							
times the expo.							
Recommended respiratory protection articles:							
Half mask or quarter mask with combination filter A1P1/A2P2 for gases, vapors and particles. (EN 140, EN 14387)							
Filtering half mask or quarter mask with combination filter FFA1 P1/FFA2P2 for gases, vapors and particles. (EN 405)							
Gas filtrating Half-face mask FFA (EN 405)							
Model 4251 (FFA1P1 - 1000 ml/m3) / 4255 (FFA2P2SL - 5000 ml/m3) (3M)							
Half-face mask or Quarter-face mask with gas filter (EN 140, EN 14387)							
Filter type 6051 (A1 - 1000 ml/m3) / 6055 (A2 - 5000 ml/m3) (3M)							
Full-lace mask with gas liller (EN 130, EN 14387) Gas filter type: A Indication colour: brown							
Or comparable articles from other companies							
Environmental exposure controls							
Environmental exposure controls:							
Technical measures to prevent exposure:							
Discharge exhaust air only with suitable seperators to atmosphere.							
Organisational measures to prevent exposure:							
Should not be released into the environment.							
Structural measures to prevent exposure:							
Use the following recovery and/or abatement technique for cleaning waste gases:							
Exhaust air scrubber							
Adsorption							
Further information see under section 6.2 - Environmental precautions.							
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties							

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Colour: Odour:	liquid brown characteristic	Tost method
pH-Value:	9,7 (50 g/l)	DIN 19268
Changes in the physical state		
Melting point:	<0 °C	literature value
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	> 98 °C	literature value
Sublimation point:	not applicable	
Softening point:	not applicable	
Pour point:	not applicable	
Flash point:	43 °C	EN ISO 2719
Sustaining combustion:	Not sustaining combustion	UN Test L.2
Flammability		
Solid:	not applicable (Liquid)	
Gas:	not applicable (Liquid)	
Explosive properties		

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

The statements for steam pressure, ignition point and explosion levels apply to the solvent / solvent mixture.



Revision date: 03.05.2018

Safety Data Sheet

ACMOS CHEMIE KG

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Page 12 of 24

Lower explosion limits:	0,6 vol. %	
Upper explosion limits:	10,6 vol. %	
Ignition temperature:	not relevant	
Auto-ignition temperature		
Solid:	Not pyrophoric.	
Gas:	Not pyrophoric.	
Decomposition temperature:	not relevant	
Oxidizing properties		
not relevant		
Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)	Corresponds to the vapour pressure of water. < 23 hPa	literature value
Vapour pressure: (at 50 °C)	Corresponds to the vapour pressure of water. < 123 hPa	literature value
Density (at 20 °C):	0,98 g/cm ³	DIN 51757
Bulk density:	not applicable (Liquid)	
Water solubility:	emulsifiable	
(at 20 °C)		
Solubility in other solvents		
miscible with most organic solvents (Alcohols, a	ldehydes, Ketone)	
Partition coefficient:	not applicable (Mixtures)	
Viscosity / dynamic:	not determined	
Viscosity / kinematic:	<= 20,5 mm ² /s	DIN 53015
(al 40°C) Flow time:	121 s	3 DIN EN ISO 2431
(at 23 °C)	1213	5 DIN EN 100 2401
Vapour density:	not determined	
Evaporation rate:	not determined	
Solvent separation test: not	applicable	
Solvent content: not	determined	
9.2. Other information		
Solid content: not	determined	
Odour threshold: < 25 ppm (butan-2-ol_literature val	ue)	
	,	
Surface tension: No data available		
Fat solubility (g/L): No data available		
Calculated oxidation potential of the mixture (OP): no	ot relevant	
Substance group relevant properties:		
Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes	(supplemental)	
Explosives		
not applicable		
Flammable gases		
Non-flammable. / not applicable (Liquid)		
flammable aerosols		
Oxidising gases		
Not oxidising. / not applicable (Liquid)		
Gases under pressure		
not applicable (Liquid)		
Flammable liquids		
INON-TIAMMADIE.	nixture	
UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dance	rous Goods -	
Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Subsection 3	32.5.2.	
Test temperature of 60.5 °C (UN Test L.2).		
Not sustaining combustion		
Test temperature of 75 °C (UN Test L.2).		
Not sustaining combustion		



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 13 of 24

Non-flammable. / not applicable (Liquid) Self-reactive substances and mixtures not applicable Pyrophoric liquids Not pyrophoric. Pyrophoric solids Not pyrophoric. / not applicable (Liquid) self-heating substances and mixtures not applicable Substances or mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases not applicable Oxidising liquids Not oxidisina. Oxidising solids Not oxidising. / not applicable (Liquid) Organic peroxides not applicable Corrosive to metals. Not corrosive to metals

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

Further information see under section 7.2 - Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities. Further information see under section 10.5 - Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Violent reaction with: Hazardous substances that release flammable gases when in contact with water Oxidising agent, strong Further information see under section 7.1 - Precautions for safe handling.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

No known hazardous decomposition products.

Under fire conditions: See under section 5.2 - Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested.

Information on likely routes of exposure / Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: See under section 4.2 - Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Exposure route: In case of ingestion: Ingestion causes nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects.

In case of skin contact:

May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).

In case of inhalation:

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 14 of 24

In case of eye contact: strongly irritant. Corneal opacity.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure: Not relevant

Interactive effects: Not relevant

Absence of specific data:

No data is available on the product itself. Description of possible hazardous to health effects is based on experience and/or toxicological characteristics of several components.

However, some datas are not complete regarding particular main components. Nevertheless according to the experience of the manufacturer there are no other hazards expected then those which are already mentioned on the label.

Mixture versus substance information:

Not relevant

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



ACMOS CHEMIE KG

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 15 of 24

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
64742-95-6	hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic	cs				
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	3492	Rat [female]	ECHA	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 3160	Rabbit	ECHA	similar to OECD 402
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	(> 10,2)	Rat	ECHA	similar to OECD 403
93-83-4	9-octadecenamide, N,N-bis	(2-hydroxye	thyl)-, (9Z)- (N,N-	bis(2-hydroxyethyl)olea	amide)	
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	10000	Rat [male]	ECHA [700-972-2]	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rabbit	ECHA [700-972-2]	
78-92-2	butan-2-ol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2054	Rat [male]	ECHA	similar to OECD 423
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rat	ECHA	similar to OECD 402
111-42-2	2,2'-iminodiethanol (diethar	nolamine)				
	oral	LD50	1100 mg/kg	Rat [male]	ECHA	similar to OECD 401
	inhalation (4 h) aerosol	LC50 mg/l	(> 3,35)	Rat [male]	ECHA	
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol,	diethylene g	lycol monobutyl e	ether		
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2410	Mouse [male]	ECHA	similar to OECD 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	2764	Rabbit [male]	ECHA	similar to OECD 402
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2410	Mouse [male]	ECHA	similar to OECD 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	2764	Rabbit [male]	Supplier / ECHA	similar to OECD 402
3811-73-2	pyridine-2-thiol-1-oxide, so	dium salt (so	dium pyrithione)			
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	(1208)	Rat [female]	ECHA	OECD 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	(1800)	Rabbit [female]	ECHA	EPA OPP 81-2
	inhalation vapour	ATE	11 mg/l			
	inhalation (4 h) aerosol	1 C 50	(1.08) mg/l	Rat	FCHA	EU Method B 2

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes serious eye damage.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity:

Acute (short-term) fish toxicity:

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018 Page 16 of 24 Acute (short-term) toxicity to crustacea: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested. Acute (short-term) toxicity to aquatic algae and cyanobacteria: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested. Chronic (long-term) toxicity to crustacea: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested. Chronic (long-term) fish toxicity: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself. The product has not been tested. Toxicity to other aquatic plants/organisms: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Terrestrial toxicity: Acute and subchronic bird toxicity: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Bird reproduction toxicity: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Acute earthworm toxicity: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Chronical earthworm toxicity (reproduction): No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Useful insect toxicity: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Acute plant toxicity: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Chronic plant toxicity: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Toxicity to soil macroorganisms except of arthropods: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Effects on soil microorganisms: No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Behaviour in waste water treatment plants: No data available Observe local regulations concerning effluent treatment.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 17 of 24

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method
64742-95-6	hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	9,2 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA	OECD 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	2,9 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA	OECD 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	3,2 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA	OECD 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	(1,228)	28 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA	
	Algea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	(0,22)	3 d	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA	OECD 201
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	(2,144)	21 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA	
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(> 99 mg/	1)	0,5 h	Activated sludge	ECHA	OECD 209 [10 min]
93-83-4	9-octadecenamide, N,N-bis(2	-hydroxyethy	/I)-, (9Z)- (N,N-ł	bis(2-hydr	oxyethyl)oleamide)		
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	5,1 mg/l	96 h	Danio rerio	ECHA [700-972-2]	OECD 203
78-92-2	butan-2-ol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	2993 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA	OECD 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	2029 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA	similar to OECD 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	308 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA	OECD 202
	Algea toxicity	NOEC	1240 mg/l	4 d	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA	similar to OECD 201
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(> 500 mg	g/l)		Pseudomonas putida	Supplier / ECHA	DIN 38412 p8 [16h]
111-42-2	2,2'-iminodiethanol (diethanol	amine)					
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	460 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	9,5 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA	EPA 600/9-78-018
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	30,1 mg/l	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia	ECHA	ASTM E729-80
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	> 1 mg/l		Freshwater fish	ECHA	
	Algea toxicity	NOEC	(0,6) mg/l	3 d	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA	EPA 600/9-78-018
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	(0,78)	21 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA	Draft EEC XI/681/86
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(> 1000 m	ng/l)	0,5 h	Activated sludge	ECHA	OECD 209
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol, di	ethylene glyd	col monobutyl e	ther			
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	1300 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	ECHA	similar to OECD 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	ECHA	OECD 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	> 100 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA	EU Method C.2
	Algea toxicity	NOEC	100 mg/l	4 d	Desmodesmus subspicatus	ECHA	OECD 201
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(> 1995 m	ng/l)	0,5 h	Activated sludge	ECHA	OECD 209 [EC10]
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	1300 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	Supplier / ECHA	similar to OECD 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Supplier / ECHA	OECD 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	> 100 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA	EU Method C.2
	Algea toxicity	NOEC	100 mg/l	4 d	Desmodesmus subspicatus	ECHA	OECD 201
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(> 1995 m	ng/l)	0,5 h	Activated sludge	ECHA	OECD 209 [EC10]
3811-73-2	pyridine-2-thiol-1-oxide, sodiu	ım salt (sodiı	um pyrithione)				
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	0,0066	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Supplier	



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 18 of 24

Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	0,46 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Supplier / ECHA	OECD 201
Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	0,022 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Supplier / ECHA	EPA OPP 72-2
Algea toxicity	NOEC	0,08 mg/l	3 d	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Supplier / ECHA	OECD 201

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation:

Physicochemical elimination: Oxidation: not applicable (Mixtures) No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Hydrolysis: not applicable (Mixtures) No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Photochemical elimination: Photolysis: not applicable (Mixtures) No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Ozonolysis:

not applicable (Mixtures)

No data available (Substances/Ingredient)

Biodegradation:

not applicable (Mixtures)

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Method	Value	d	Source			
	Evaluation			•			
64742-95-6	hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics						
	OECD Guideline 301 F	78 %	28	ECHA			
	readily biodegradable						
93-83-4	9-octadecenamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-,	/droxyethyl)oleamide)					
	OECD Guideline 301 B	72-100 %	28	ECHA [700-972-2]			
	readily biodegradable		-				
	OECD Guideline 301 D	70 %	28	ECHA [700-972-2]			
	readily biodegradable, but failing 10-day window		-				
78-92-2	butan-2-ol						
	similar to EU Method C.5, similar to EU Method C.6	86 %	5	ECHA			
	readily biodegradable						
111-42-2	2,2'-iminodiethanol (diethanolamine)						
	OECD Guideline 301 F	93 %	28	ECHA			
	readily biodegradable						
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol, diethylene glycol monobutyl ether						
	OECD Guideline 301 C	85 %	28	ECHA			
	readily biodegradable						
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol						
	OECD Guideline 301 C	85 %	28	ECHA			
	readily biodegradable						
3811-73-2	pyridine-2-thiol-1-oxide, sodium salt (sodium pyrithione)						
	OECD Guideline 301 B	60 %	18	ECHA			
	readily biodegradable						

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

not applicable (Mixtures)



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 19 of 24

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water					
CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow			
93-83-4	9-octadecenamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)oleamide)	5,51			
78-92-2	butan-2-ol	0,65			
111-42-2	2,2'-iminodiethanol (diethanolamine)	-2,46			
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol, diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	1			
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1			
3811-73-2	pyridine-2-thiol-1-oxide, sodium salt (sodium pyrithione)	< -1,09			
-					

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
93-83-4	9-octadecenamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)oleamide)	112,53		ECHA [700-972-2]

12.4. Mobility in soil

Surface tension:

See under section 9.1 - Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Distribution:

Water-air (volatility rate, Henry-constant): not applicable (Mixtures) No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Soil-Water (Adsorption coefficient): not applicable (Mixtures) No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Soil-Air (volatility rate): not applicable (Mixtures) No data available (Substances/Ingredient)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Ozone depletion potential (ODP): No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Photochemical ozone creation potential (POCP): No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Global warming potential (GWP): No data available (Substances/Ingredient) Endocrine disrupting potential: No data available

AOX: Product does not contain any organic halogens.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Advice on disposal

Waste treatment options:

Transfer to an emulsion fission reactor or an emulsion evaporation system, observing official regulations.

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous:

Irritant.

Ecotoxic

Evidence for disposal must be provided.

Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Waste for recycling is to be classified and labelled.

For recycling, contact recycling exchanges.

Do not mix with other wastes.

May not be disposed or deposited together with domestic garbage.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 20 of 24

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Before discharge in public drains (e.g. residues of washing- and rinsing liquids) please observe the relevant regulations. In case of further questions please contact your waste- or environmental representative or the responsible authority.

Clean IBCs or drums at approved facility only. The waste producer is resposible for correct coding and designation of his wastes.

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC:

Waste disposal number of waste from residues/unused products

120109 WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS; wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics; machining emulsions and solutions free of halogens; hazardous waste

Waste disposal number of used product

120109 WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS; wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics; machining emulsions and solutions free of halogens; hazardous waste

Waste disposal number of contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Other disposal recommendations:

Contaminated packages must be completely emptied and can be re-used following proper cleaning.

Cleaning by recycling company.

Recommended cleansing agent:

Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

Packing which cannot be properly cleaned must be disposed of.

As well uncleaned (empty) containers remain contaminated by product residues and may be hazardous by vapours. They

have to be disposed by specialists or have to be supplied to a licensed reconditioning.

The conditions of the regional reconditioning companies have to be observed.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Other applicable information (land transport)

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

Other applicable information (inland waterways transport)

Not classified for this transport way.

Marine transport (IMDG)

Other applicable information (marine transport) Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

Other applicable information (air transport)

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:

14.6. Special precautions for user

not relevant

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not relevant

Other applicable information

not relevant

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

no



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 55: 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol, diethylene glycol monobutyl ether; 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol 2010/75/EU (VOC): 11 % (111 g/l)

Additional information

Authorisations and/or restrictions on use: Authorisations:

Authorisation of Chemicals (REACH) as regards Annex XIV:

not relevant

Restrictions on use:

Restriction of chemicals (REACH) as regards annex XVII:

No. 55 - 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

Informations on Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 - Annex VI, Part 1:

Note P is valid: The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7) (< 1 mg/kg - DIN 51405, ASTM D 4367). Note L is valid: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346. Other regulations (EU): Regulation (EC) No1005/2009 - Substances that deplete the ozone layer: not relevant Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 and No 907/2006 - Detergents: not relevant Regulation (EC) No. 649/2012 - Export and import of dangerous chemicals: not relevant Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 and No. 519/2012 - Persistent organic pollutants: not relevant Regulation (EC) No. 428/2009 and No. 388/2012 and No. 1382/2014 - Control of exports, or transfer, brokering and transit of dual-use goods (Dual-Use Regulation): not relevant Regulation (EC) No. 273/2004 - Drug precursors: not relevant Regulation (EC) No. 111/2005 - Definition of rules for the monitoring of trade in drug precursors between the Union and third countries. not relevant Directive 2012/18/EC - Control of major accident hazards involving dangerous substances (Seveso III): not relevant Directive 2004/42/EC - Use of organic solvents in certain paints and lacquers: not relevant Directive 2010/75/EU - Industrial Emissions Directive (Directive IE) - succession to Directive 1999/13/EC - Limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC-Directive): When using this substance / mixture it has to be checked whether the activities are subject to the the requirements of IE-RL, Chapter V (installations and activities with the use of organic solvents - VOC). Aerosol directive (75/324/EEC): not relevant Biocide directive (98/8/EC): not relevant Regulation (EU) No. 528/2012 on biocides In accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 528/2012 on biocides Observe in addition any national regulations! EC-Chemical inventories: All ingredients are listed in EINECS / ELINCS or excepted from listing. National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juvenils according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Water contaminating class (D): 2 - clearly water contaminating Additional information 2 - clearly water contaminating

Page 21 of 24



ACMOS CHEMIE KG

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 22 of 24

Other regulations, restrictions and prohibition regulations:

European product inventories (Registration status on mixtures):

Kemikalieinspektionen / Produktregistret / Swedish Chemicals Inspectorate - Keml (http://www.kemi.se):

This product was not registered.

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft - Bundesamt für Gesundheit - BAG (http://www.bag.admin.ch) / Anmeldestelle Chemikalien (http://www.cheminfo.ch) / Informationssystem für gefährliche und umweltrelevante Stoffe - IGS (http://igs.naz.ch/index.html):

This product was not registered.

International chemical inventories (Registration status on substances): No data available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out: distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

butan-2-ol

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This version replaces all former issues.

Changes made in this revision see section: 1, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 15, 16.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

- CEN: Comité Européen de Normalisation (European Committee for Standardisation).
- CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

C&L: Classification & Labeling.

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level.

EAK: European Waste Catalogue (replaced by LoW - see below).

EC50: Effective concentration, 50 percent.

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency.

EC: European community.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.

EN: European standard.

EWC: European Economic Community.

EEA: European Economic Area (EU + Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway).

EU: European Union.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

IATA-DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations.

IBC-Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

(International Bulk Chemical Code).

IC50 / ErC50: Inhibitory concentration, 50 percent.

ICAO-TI: International Cicil Aviation Organization Technical Instruction.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

ISO: A standard of International Standards Organisation.

IUPAC: International Union for Pure and Applied Chemistry.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 23 of 24

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent. LD50: Lethal Dose, 50 percent. log Kow (Pow): octanol-water partition coefficient. LoW: List of Wastes (see http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/framework/list.htm). MARPOL: Maritime Polluntion Convention (Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships). OC: Operational Conditions. OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Agency. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulabe and toxic. PEC: Predicted Effect Concentration. PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration PPE: Personal Protection Equipment. (Q)SAR: Quantitative-Structure-Activity-Relationship. REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. RMM: Risk Management Measure. STEL: Short time exposure limit. SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern. STOT - RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure. STOT - SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure. TWA: Time Weighted Average. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable. WoE: Weight of Evidence.

For abbreviations and acronyms, see table at http://abbrev.esdscom.eu

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

toro runt in ana Eo		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	

Further Information

Full text of all R-, H-, EUH-phrases which are referred to in section 2 and 3 of this safety data sheet - see previous list. These (this) R-, H-, EUH-phrases/R-, H-, EUH-phrase apply/applies to the substance(s) of content, however, it does not necessarily show the classification of the product.

Key literature references and sources for data:

The classification corresponds to current EC-lists, but is completed by statements of technical literature and company data.

Other public accessible sources:

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) in the valid version in each case Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) in the valid version in each case

Further information and practical guides on the internet:

European Chemicals Agency - ECHA (http://echa.europa.eu) ECHA - Information on Chemicals (http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals)



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

KUPER F 105661 (1 kg) / KUPER F 350002 (5 kg)

Revision date: 03.05.2018

Page 24 of 24

ECHA - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (http://echa.europa.eu/de/candidate-list-table) ECHA - List of restrictions table (http://echa.europa.eu/de/addressing-chemicals-of-concern/restrictions/list-of-restrictions/list-of-restrictions-table) ECHA - Authorisation List (http://echa.europa.eu/hr/addressing-chemicals-of-concern/authorisation/recommendation-for-inclusion-in-the-authorisati on-list/authorisation-list) ECHA - C&L Inventory (http://echa.europa.eu/en/web/guest/regulations/clp/cl-inventory) eChemPortal (http://www.echemportal.org) The access to European Union law - EUR-Lex (http://eur-lex.europa.eu) Health and Safety Executive (http://www.hse.gov.uk) / Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations - COSHH (http://www.coshh-essentials.org.uk/Home.asp) Pollution Prevention and Control Act and Pollution Prevention and Control Regulations Recommended restriction of application: See under section 1.2 - Uses advised against. Use this product only for intended purpose in accordance with our product informations. Please refer to our internet website for more information (http://www.acmos.com). Training advice:

Yearly briefing and instruction of employees by means of operating instructions according to article 8 of EC-directive 98/24/EC.

Inquiry office: Laboratory (Division: Occupational- /Product security) Contact person: Mr. Dryhaus (Telephone: +49-421-5189-0, Telefax: +49-421-5189-871) Office hours: Mo - Th from 7.30 - 16.15 h and Fr from 7.30 - 13.30 h. Out of office hours no call diversion.

Disclaimer:

The information is based on present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurances of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The information contained herein are, to our knowledge at the time of their creation to be correct and been taken from sources deemed to be reliable. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release The receiver of our product is singulary responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations. All descriptions are approximate values, they are not specified for construction of specifications. This safety data sheet does not represent any operating instruction according to national chemical regulations. It may be used for creation, but must not replace it. The employer is not relieved from his duties. All technical information to occupational protection are directed predominately to experts first (safety engineers, occupational medicines).